

CHAPTER 4

BIOS SETUP

THE BIOS

- BIOS stands for Basic Input and Output System. It is sometimes called ROM BIOS because it is stored in a Read-Only Memory (ROM) chip on the mainboard. BIOS is the first program to run when you turn on your computer.
- BIOS performs the following functions:
 1. Initializing and testing hardware in your computer (a process called “POST”, for Power On Self Test).
 2. Loading and running your operating system.
 3. Helping your operating system and application programs to manage your PC hardware by means of a set of routines called BIOS Run-Time Service.

THIS CHAPTER CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING TOPICS :

- 4-1 WHAT IS BIOS SETUP
- 4-2 HOW TO RUN BIOS SETUP
- 4-3 WHAT IS CMOS
- 4-4 WHAT IS POST
- 4-5 BIOS UPGRADE
- 4-6 BIOS SETUP

4-1 WHAT IS BIOS SETUP

- BIOS Setup is an interactive BIOS program that you need to run when:
 1. Changing the hardware of your system. (for example: installing a new Hard Disk etc..)
 2. Modifying the behavior of your computer. (for example: changing the system time or date, or turning special features on or off etc..)
 3. Enhancing your computer's behavior. (for example: speeding up performance by turning on shadowing or cache)

4-2 HOW TO RUN BIOS SETUP

- To access BIOS setup menu, press < DEL > key after "POST", and before the OS is loaded. The BIOS usually display the following message:

Press DEL to enter SETUP

4-3 WHAT IS CMOS

- CMOS is the memory maintained by a battery. The BIOS uses CMOS to store the settings you have selected in SETUP. The CMOS also maintains the internal clock. Every time you turn on your computer, the BIOS Looks into CMOS for the settings you have selected and configures your computer accordingly. If the battery is out of power, the CMOS data will be lost and POST will issue a "CMOS invalid" or "CMOS checksum invalid" message. If this happens, you have to replace the battery and do some proper settings in SETUP.

4-4 WHAT IS POST

- POST is an acronym for Power On Self Test. POST will test all things that the BIOS does before the operating system is started. Each of POST routines is assigned a POST code, a unique number which is sent to I/O port 080h before the routine is executed.

4-5 BIOS UPGRADE

- System BIOS is incorporated into a Flash memory component of the mainboard. Flash BIOS allows user to upgrade BIOS without the need to replace an EPROM component.

- The upgrade utility can be loaded on a floppy diskette and used to provide the capability to save, verify, and update the system BIOS. The upgrade utility can also be run from a hard disk drive or a network drive.

4-5-1 BEFORE UPGRADING BIOS

- It is highly recommended that you save a copy of the original mainboard BIOS along with a Flash EPROM Programming utility (AWDFLASH.EXE) to a bootable floppy disk in case you need to reinstall the BIOS later.

4-5-2 UPGRADE PROCESS

NOTE: *Normally, to upgrade BIOS is unnecessary if the system is working fine without any problem. Users should not upgrade the BIOS unless you experience incompatible problems or need to create new features. However, please read all information in this section before upgrading.*

“AWDFLASH.EXE” is a Flash EPROM Programming utility that updates the BIOS by uploading a new BIOS file to the programmable flash ROM on the mainboard, This program works in **DOS environment only, the utility can not be executed in win95/98, ME, NT or WINDOWS 2000 environment.**

Upgrading the system BIOS

Step 1. Please visit the board maker’s website, download latest BIOS file and award flash utility “AWDFLASH.EXE”. The BIOS file format will be *.bin, of which “*” stands for the specific file name.

Step 2. Create a bootable diskette. Then copy the BIOS file and award flash utility “AWDFLASH.EXE” into the diskette.

Step 3. Insert the diskette into drive A, reboot your system and boot from the diskette.

Step 4. Type **awdf flash *.bin /sn/py/cc** and then press <Enter> to run BIOS upgrade program. (*.bin depends on your mainboard model and version code. Instead of typing “*”, you should type the specific file name for your specific mainboard.)

Step 5. Please press <F1> or <F10> to exit or reset your system, **Warning!** If the message **“Write Fail”** appears while Award “FLASH MEMORY WRITER” is verifying Flash memory, just repeat the process. Please DO NOT reset or turn off the system. If the award memory flash utility is not able to update the BIOS successfully, your system may not be able to boot up.

Step 6. You will need a message “CMOS checksum error-Default loaded” during booting the system. Press to run CMOS setup utility, then reload “LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS” or **“Load Optimized Defaults”** and save this change.

Figure 4-5-1 Award Flash Memory Writer Start Screen

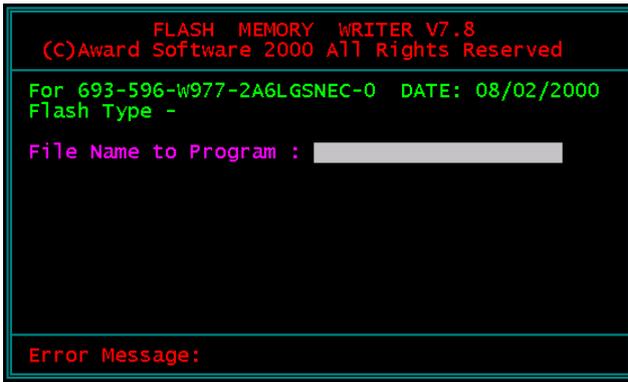
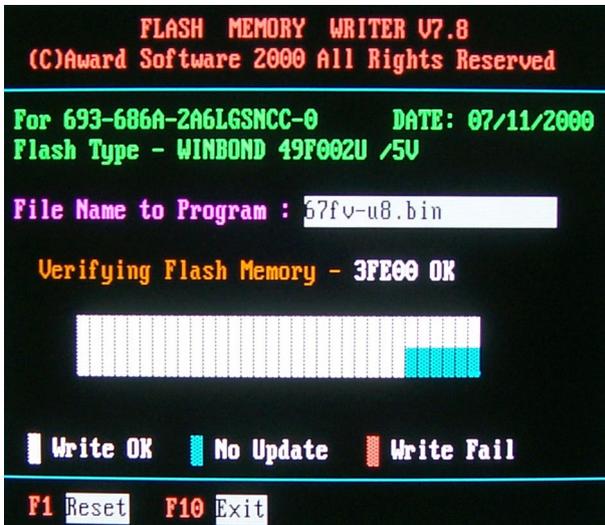


Figure 4-5-2 Award Flash Memory Writer Complete Screen



The parameters of AWDFLASH.EXE

/sn: No original BIOS backup

/py: Program flash memory

/cc: Clear CMOS data (and update data automatically) after programming

NOTE: Users can type AWDFLASH /? to get further details about the parameters. Incorrect usage of the parameter will damage the BIOS information, so we strongly recommend users to leave parameters alone unless you fully understand their function.

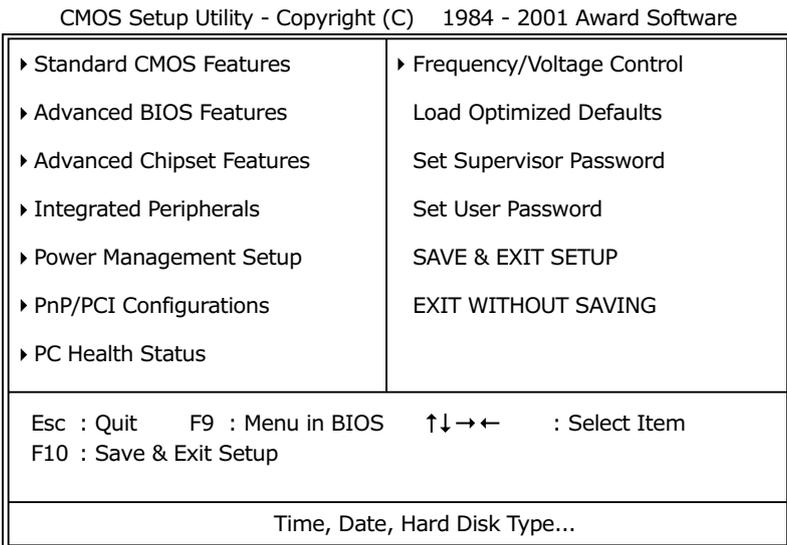
4-6 BIOS SETUP-- CMOS SETUP UTILITY

- This mainboard comes with the AWARD BIOS from AWARD Software Inc. Enter the CMOS Setup Utility Main Menu by:

1. Turn on or reboot your system. After a series of diagnostic checks, the following message will appear:

PRESS TO ENTER SETUP

2. Press the key and the main program screen will appear as follows.



3. Use the arrow keys on your keyboard to select an option, and press <Enter>. Modify the system parameters to reflect the options installed in your system.
4. You may return to the Main Menu anytime by pressing <ESC>.
5. In the Main Menu, "SAVE AND EXIT SETUP" saves your changes and reboots the system, and "EXIT WITHOUT SAVING" ignores your changes and exits the program.

4-6-1 STANDARD CMOS SETUP

- Standard CMOS Setup records some basic system hardware configuration and sets the system clock and error handling. You only need to modify the configuration values of this option if you want to change your system hardware configuration or when the data stored in the CMOS memory gets lost or damaged.

Run the STANDARD CMOS SETUP as follows:

1. Choose "STANDARD CMOS SETUP" from the Main Menu and a list of options will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
Standard CMOS Features

Date (mm:dd:yy)	Thu, February 5 2001	Item Help
Time (hh:mm:ss)	9 : 52 : 15	Menu Level ▶
▶ IDE Primary Master	Press Enter 13022 MB	
▶ IDE Primary Slave	Press Enter None	
▶ IDE Secondary Master	Press Enter None	
▶ IDE Secondary Slave	Press Enter None	
Drive A	1.44M, 3.5 in.	
Drive B	None	
Video	EGA/VGA	
Halt On	All, But keyboard	
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	31744K	
Total Memory	32768K	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

2. Use one of the arrow keys to move between options and modify the selected options by using PgUp / PgDn / + / - keys.

<F1>: "Help" gives options available for each item.

<F5>: Get the previous values. These values are the values with which the user starts the current session.

<F6>: Load all options with the BIOS default values.

<F7>: Load all options with the Setup default values.

Date (mm:dd:yy) The BIOS determines the day of the week from the other date information. This field is for information only.

Press the left or right arrow key to move to the desired field (date, month, year). Press the PgUp or PgDn key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

Time (hh:mm:ss) The time format is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 P.M. is 13:00:00. Press the left or right arrow key to move to desired field. Press the PgUp or PgDn key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

Primary / Secondary Master / Slave This field records the specifications for all non-SCSI hard disk drives installed in your system. Refer to the respective documentation on how to install the drives.

Drive A / Drive B Set this field to the type(s) of floppy disk drive(s) installed in your system. The choices are:

360KB, 5.25in.;

1.2MB, 5.25in.;

720KB, 3.5in.;

1.44MB, 3.5in.;

2.88MB, 3.5in.;

None.

Video Set this field to the type of video display card installed in the system. The choices are:
 Monochrome;
 Color 40x25;
 VGA / EGA;
 Color 80x25.

Halt On Set this warning feature for the type of errors that will cause the system to halt. The choices are:
 All Errors;
 Post stops for all error.
 No Errors;
 Post does not stop for any error.
 All, But Keyboard;
 Post stops for all, but not for keyboard error.
 All, But Diskette;
 Post stops for all, but not for Diskette error.
 All, But Disk / Key;
 Post stops for all, but not for Disk / Keyboard.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
 IDE Primary Master

IDE HDD Auto-Detection	Press Enter	Item Help
IDE Primary Master Access Mode	Auto Auto	Menu Level ▶
Capacity	10243 MB	
Cylinder	19846	
Head	16	
Precomp	65535	
Landing Zone	19845	
Sector	63	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
 F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

3. Press <ESC> to return to the Main Menu when you finish setting up all items.

4-6-2 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES

- ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES improves your system performance or sets up system features according to your preference.

Run the ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES as follows:

1. Choose “ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES” from the Main Menu and a list of options will appear:
2. Use one of the arrow keys to move between options and modify the selected options by using PgUp / PgDn / + / - keys.

<F1>: “Help” gives options available for each item.

<F5>: Get the previous values. These values are the values with which the user starts the current session.

<F6>: Load all options with the BIOS default values.

<F7>: Load all options with the Setup default values.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
Advanced BIOS Features

		Item Help
Virus Warning	Disabled	Menu Level ▶
CPU Internal Cache	Enabled	
External Cache	Enabled	
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking	Enabled	
Process or Number Feature	Enabled	
Quick Power On Self Test	Enabled	
First Boot Device	Floppy	
Second Boot Device	HDD-0	
Third Boot Device	CDROM	
Boot Other Device	Enabled	
Swap Floppy Drive	Disabled	
Boot Up Floppy Seek	Enabled	
Boot Up NumLock Status	On	
Gate A20 Option	Fast	
Typematic Rate Setting	Disabled	
× Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	6	
× Typematic Delay (Msec)	250	
Security Option	Setup	
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB	Non-OS2	
Video BIOS Shadow	Enabled	
C8000-CBFFF Shadow	Disabled	
CC000-CFFFF Shadow	Disabled	
D0000-D3FFF Shadow	Disabled	
D4000-D7FFF Shadow	Disabled	
D8000-DBFFF Shadow	Disabled	
DC000-DFFFF Shadow	Disabled	

↑ ↓ → ← : Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

- Virus Warning** Enabled: Activates automatically when the system boots up showing a warning message if anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.
- Disabled: No warning message will appear when there is something attempting to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.

***NOTE:** Many diagnostic (or boot manager) programs which attempt to access the boot sector table can cause the above warning message. If you will be running such a program, we recommend that you disable the virus protection first.*

- CPU Internal Cache/ External Cache** Cache memory is additional memory that is much faster than conventional DRAM (system memory). CPUs from 486-type up contain internal cache memory, and most, but not all, modern PCs have additional (external) cache memory. When the CPU requests data, the system transfers the requested data from the main DRAM into cache memory, for even faster access by the CPU.
- CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking** When you select *Enabled*, it will speed up memory checking when the external cache contains ECC SRAMs.
The choices: Enabled; Disabled.
- Processor Number Feature** Choose Disabled or Enabled. When enabled, the processor serial number will display during the boot up screen.
- Quick Power On Self Test** Select Enabled to reduce the amount of time required to run the power-on self-test (POST). A quick POST skips certain steps. We recommend that you normally enable quick POST. Better to find a problem during POST than lose data during your work.

- First/Second/Third/Other Boot Device** The BIOS attempts to load the operating system from the devices in the sequence selected in these items. The choices: Floppy; LS/ZIP; HDD; SCSI; CDROM; Disabled.
- Swap Floppy Drive** When enabled, floppy drives A and B will be exchanging status without any physical connection and modification on the cables.
- Boot Up Floppy Seek** Enabled : During POST, BIOS checks the track number of the floppy disk drive to see whether it is 40 or 80 tracks.
Disabled: During POST, BIOS will not check the track number of the floppy disk drive.
- Boot Up NumLock Status** Toggle between On or Off to control the state of the NumLock key when the system boots. When toggled On, the numeric keypad generates numbers instead of controlling cursor operations.
- Gate A20 Option** Gate A20 refers to the way the system addresses memory above 1 MB (extended memory). When set to *Fast*, the system chipset controls Gate A20. When set to *Normal*, a pin in the keyboard controller controls Gate A20. Setting Gate A20 to *Fast* improves system speed, particularly with OS/2 and Windows.
- Typematic Rate Setting** When *Disabled*, the following two items (Typematic Rate and Typematic Delay) are irrelevant. Keystroke repeats at a rate determined by the keyboard controller in your system.
When *Enabled*, you can select a typematic rate and typematic delay.
- Typematic Rate (Chars / Sec)** When the typematic rate setting is enabled, you can select a typematic rate (the rate at which character repeats when you hold down a key) of 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, or 30 characters per second.

Typematic Delay (Msec) Choices: 250; 500; 750; 1000. This option sets the time interval for displaying the first and the second characters. If enabled, the time interval is optional.

Security Option If you have set a password, select whether the password is required every time the System boots, or only when you enter setup.
The choices: system; setup.

OS Select For DRAM > 64MB Select OS2 only if you are running OS/2 operating system with greater than 64MB of RAM on your system.

Video BIOS Shadow Enabled, Video BIOS is copied to shadow RAM for improving performance.
The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

C8000-CBFFF to DC000-DFFFF Shadow These options are used to copy firmware from other expansion card ROMs to system RAM.

3. Press <ESC> to return to the Main Menu when you finish setting up all items.

4-6-3 ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES

- ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES is used to modify the values of chipset registers. These registers control the system options.

Run the ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES as following:

1. Choose “ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES” from the Main Menu and a list of options will appear:
2. Use one of the arrow keys to move between options and modify the selected options by using PgUp / PgDn / + / - keys.

<F1>: “Help” gives options available for each item.

<F5>: Get the previous values. These values are the values with which the user starts the current session.

<F6>: Load all options with the BIOS default values.

<F7>: Load all options with the Setup default values.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
Advanced Chipset Features

		Item Help
Bank 0/1 DRAM Timing	SDRAM 8/10ns	Menu Level ▶
Bank 2/3 DRAM Timing	SDRAM 8/10ns	
Bank 4/5 DRAM Timing	SDRAM 8/10ns	
DRAM Clock	Host CLK	
SDRAM Cycle Length	3	
DRAM Drive Strength	Auto	
× DRAM Drive Value	2F	
Memory Hole	Disabled	
P2C/C2P Concurrency	Enabled	
System BIOS Cacheable	Disabled	
Video RAM Cacheable	Disabled	
AGP Aperture Size	64M	
AGP-4X Mode	Enabled	
× AGP Driving Control	Auto	
AGP Driving Value	DA	
AGP Fast Write	Disabled	
OnChip USB	Enabled	
USB Keyboard Support	Disabled	
OnChip Sound	Auto	
OnChip Modem	Auto	
CPU to PCI Write Buffer	Enabled	
PCI Dynamic Bursting	Enabled	
PCI Master 0 WS Write	Enabled	
PCI Delay Transaction	Enabled	
PCI#2 Access #1 Retry	Enabled	
AGP Master 1 WS Write	Disabled	
AGP Master 1 WS Read	Disabled	
Memory Parity/ECC Check	Disabled	

↑ ↓ → ← : Move Enter: Select +/- /PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

Bank 0/1 2/3 4/5 DRAM Timing This item allows you to select the value in this field, depending on whether the board has paged DRAMs or EDO (Extended Data Output) DRAMs.

The choice: SDRAM 8/10ns ;
Normal ;
Medium ;
Fast ;
Turbo.

DRAM Clock This item allows you to control the DRAM speed.
The choices: Host Clock; HCLK+33M; HCLK-33M.

SDRAM Cycle Length Select CAS latency time in HCLKs of 2 or 3. The system designer already set the values. Do not change the default value unless you change specifications of the installed DRAM or the installed CPU.

DRAM Drive Strength Leave this item at Auto mode.
The choices: Auto; Manual.

DRAM Drive Value When “DRAM Drive Strength” is set to “Auto”, this item will be unable to be selected. We don't recommend user to adjust this item.

Memory Hole In order to improve performance, certain space in memory is reserved for ISA cards. This memory must be mapped into the memory space below 16MB.
The choices: 15M-16M; Disabled.

P2C/C2P Concurrency This item allows you to enable/disable the PCI to CPU, CPU to PCI concurrency.
The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

System BIOS Cacheable Selecting Enabled allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFFFh, resulting in better system performance.

Video RAM Cacheable Selecting Enabled allows caching of the video memory (RAM) at A0000h to AFFFFh, resulting in better video performance.

However, check your AGP manual to find out if any compatibility problem exists.

AGP Aperture Size Series of options are available: 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 or 256 MB. Memory mapped and graphics data structures can reside in a Graphics Aperture. This area is like a linear buffer. BIOS will automatically report the starting address of this buffer to the O.S. The default setting is 64MB.

AGP-4X Mode This item allows user enable/disable the AGP 4X (133MHz clock)mode.

The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

AGP Driving Control This item allows you to adjust the AGP driving force. Choose “*Manual*” to key in a AGP Driving Value in the next selection. This field is recommended to set to “*Auto*” for avoiding any error in your system.

The choices: Manual; Auto.

AGP Driving Value This item allows you to adjust the AGP driving force.

The choices: Min=0000 ~ Max=00FF.

AGP Fast Write This item will enable the AGP model into fast write mode.

OnChip USB This should be enabled if our system has a USB installed on the system board and you wish to use it. Even when so equipped, if you add a higher performance controller, you will need to disable this feature. The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

USB Keyboard Support Enable function when the USB keyboard is being used. When the AT keyboard is not used, choose disabled.
The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

OnChip Sound Select Enabled to use the on-chip Audio capability of your system. Most of the following field do not appear when this field is Disabled. For user who wants to use another sound card, this field must be Disabled.

OnChip Modem Select Enabled to use the on-chip Modem capability of your system. This field must be Disabled, if there is NO AMR modem card installed.
The choices: Auto; Disabled.

CPU to PCI Write Buffer When this field is Enabled, writes from the CPU to the PCI bus are buffered, to compensate for the speed differences between the CPU and the PCI bus. When Disabled, the writes are not buffered and the CPU must wait until the write is complete before starting another write cycle.
The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

PCI Dynamic Bursting When Enabled, every write transaction goes to the write buffer. Bursting transactions then burst on the PCI bus and non-bursting transactions don't.
The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

PCI Master 0 WS Write When Enabled, writes to the PCI bus are executed with zero wait states.
The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Delay Transaction Leave this field at default
The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI # 2 Access # 1 Retry Leave this field at default
The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

AGP Master 1 WS Leave this field at default
Write The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

AGP Master 1 WS Leave this field at default
Read The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Memory Parity/ECC This item enabled to detect the memory parity and
Check Error Checking & Correcting.
The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

3. Press <ESC> to return to the Main Menu when you finish setting up all items.

4-6-4 INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS

- INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS option allows you to get some information inside your system when it is working.

Run the INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS as follows:

1. Choose “INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS” from the Main Menu and a list of options will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
Integrated Peripherals

		Item Help
OnChip IDE Channel 0	Enabled	
OnChip IDE Channel 1	Enabled	Menu Level ▶
IDE Prefetch Mode	Enabled	
Primary Master PIO	Auto	
Primary Slave PIO	Auto	
Secondary Master PIO	Auto	
Secondary Slave PIO	Auto	
Primary Master UDMA	Auto	
Primary Slave UDMA	Auto	
Secondary Master UDMA	Auto	
Secondary Slave UDMA	Auto	
Init Display First	PCI Slot	
IDE HDD Block Mode	Enabled	
Onboard FDD Controller	Enabled	
Onboard Serial Port 1	AUTO	
Onboard Serial Port 2	AUTO	
UART 2 Mode	Standard	
× IR Function Duplex	Half	
× TX, RX inverting enable	No, Yes	
Onboard Parallel Port	378/IRQ7	
Onboard Parallel Mode	Normal	
ECP Mode Use DMA	3	
Parallel Port EPP Type	EPP1.9	
Onboard Legacy Audio	Enabled	
Sound Blaster	Disabled	
SB I/O Base Address	220H	
SB IRQ Select	IRQ 5	
SB DMA Select	DMA 1	
MPU-401	Disabled	
MPU-401 I/O Address	330-333H	
Game Port (200-207H)	Enabled	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

2. Use one of the arrow keys to move between options and modify the selected options by using PgUp / PgDn / + / - keys.

<F1>: "Help" gives options available for each item.

<F5>: Get the previous values. These values are the values with which the user starts the current session.

<F6>: Load all options with the BIOS default values.

<F7>: Load all options with the Setup default values.

**OnChip IDE Channel 0/
Channel 1** The chipset contains a PCI IDE interface with support from two IDE channels. Select Enabled to activate the first and/or the second IDE interface. Select Disabled to inactivate an interface if you install a primary and/or second add-on IDE interface.

The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

IDE Prefetch Mode The on-board IDE drive supports IDE prefetching for faster drive accesses. If the IDE device doesn't support prefetching, set this field to Disabled.

The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

**Primary
Master / Slave PIO** Choose Auto or Mode 0~4. The BIOS will detect the HDD mode type automatically when you choose Auto.

**Secondary
Master / Slave PIO** You need to set to a lower mode than Auto when your hard disk becomes unstable.

The choices: Auto; Mode 0; Mode 1; Mode 2; Mode 3; Mode 4.

**Primary
Master / Slave UDMA** Ultra DMA33/66/100 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it, if the operating environment includes a DMA drive, and if your system software support Ultra DMA33/66/100.

**Secondary
Master / Slave UDMA** Select "Auto" to enable BIOS support.

The choices: Auto; Disabled.

Init Display First Initialize the AGP video display before initializing any other display device on the system. Thus the AGP display becomes the primary display.
The choices: PCI Slot; AGP.

IDE HDD Block Mode Block mode is also called block transfer, multiple commands, or multiple sector read/write. If your IDE hard drive supports block mode (most new drives do), select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/write per sector the drive can support.
The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

Onboard FDD Controller Select Enabled if your system has a floppy drive controller (FDC) installing in the system board and you want to use it. If you install add-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field.
The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

Onboard Serial Port 1 / Port2 Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and second serial ports.
The choices: 3F8/IRQ4; 2E8/IRQ3; 3E8/IRQ4; 2F8/IRQ3; Disabled; Auto.

UART 2 Mode The second serial port on your system may offer a variety of infrared port modes. Click here for a description of various modes. (Click your browser's Back button, or your right mouse button, to return to this page.)
The choices: Standard; HPSIR; ASKIR.

IR Function Duplex This item allows you to select the IR half / full duplex function.
The choices: Half; Full.

TX, RX inverting enable This item allows you to enable the TX, RX inverting which depends on different H/W requirement. You are not recommended to change the default setting of this field.
The choices: “No, No”; “No, Yes”; “Yes, No”; “Yes, Yes”.

Onboard Parallel Port Select a logical LPT port name and matching address for the physical parallel (printer) port.
The choices: 378H/IRQ7; 278H/IRQ5; 3BC/IRQ7; Disabled.

Onboard Paralle Mode Select an operating mode for the onboard parallel (printer) port. Select Normal, Compatible, or SPP unless you are certain your hardware and software both support one of the other available modes.
The choices: SPP; EPP; ECP; ECP + EPP.

ECP Mode Use DMA Select a DMA channel for the parallel port for use during ECP mode.
The choices: 3; 1.

Parallel Port EPP Type Select EPP port type 1.7 or 1.9
The choices: EPP1.7; 1.9.

Onboard Legacy Audio This field controls the on-board audio.

- Sound Blaster
- SB I/O Base Address
- SB IRQ Select
- SB DMA Select
- MPU-401
- MPU-401 I/O Address
- Game Port (200-207H)

3. Press <ESC> to return to the Main Menu when you finish setting up all items.

4-6-5 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP

- POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP allows you to set the system’s power saving functions.

Run the POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP as follows:

1. Choose “POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP” from the Main Menu and a list of options will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
Power Management Setup

ACPI Function	Enabled	Item Help
▶ Power Management	Press Enter	Menu Level ▶
PM Control by APM	Yes	
Video Off Option	Suspend -> Off	
Video Off Method	V/H SYNC+Blank	
MODEM Use IRQ	3	
Soft-Off by PWRBTN	Instant-Off	
State After Power Failure	Auto	
▶ Wake Up Events	Press Enter	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

2. Use one of the arrow keys to move between options and modify the selected options by using PgUp / PgDn / + / - keys.

<F1>: “Help” gives options available for each item.

<F5>: Get the previous values. These values are the values with which the user starts the current session.

<F6>: Load all options with the BIOS default values.

<F7>: Load all options with the Setup default values.

ACPI Function Select Enabled only if your computer's operating system supports the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) specification.

- Press <Enter> on the Power Management item, then there appears a list of options for you to configure further setting.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
Power Management

Power Management	User Define	Item Help
HDD Power Down	Disable	Menu Level ▶
Doze Mode	Disable	
Suspend Mode	Disable	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

Power Management This option allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving for Doze, Standby, and Suspend modes.

This table describes each power management mode:

Max Saving	Maximum power savings. Only Available for SL CPUs. Inactivity period is 1 minute in each mode.
User Define	Set each mode individually. Select time-out periods in the section for each mode, below.
Min Saving	Minimum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 hour in each mode (except the hard drive).

HDD Power Down After the selected period of drive inactivity, the hard disk drive powers down while all other devices remain active.

Doze Mode After the selected period of system inactivity, the CPU clock runs at slower speed while all other devices still operate at full speed.

Suspend Mode After the selected period of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU shut off.

PM Control by APM If Advanced Power Management (APM) is installed on your system, selecting “Yes” gives better power savings.

The Choices: Yes; No.

Video Off Option When enabled, this feature allows the VGA adapter to operate in a power saving mode.

Always On	Monitor will remain on during power saving modes.
Suspend -->Off	Monitor blanked when the systems enters the Suspend mode.
All Modes -->Off	Monitor blanked when the system enters either Suspend or Standby modes.

Video Off Method This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

V/H SYNC + Blank	This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer.
Blank Screen	This option only writes blanks to the video buffer.
DPMS Supports	Select this option if you monitor supports the Display Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards to select video power management values.

MODEM Use IRQ This determines the IRQ which the MODEM can use. The choices: 3; 4; 5; 7; 9; 10; 11; NA.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN When Enabled, turning the system off with the on/off button places the system in a very low-power-usage state, with only enough circuitry receiving power to detect power button activity or Resume by Ring activity.

State after Power Failure This field lets you determine the state that your PC returns to after a power failure. If set to off, the PC will not boot after a power failure. If set to On, the PC will restart after a power failure.

- Press <Enter> on the Wake Up Events item, then there is a list of it appears for you to choose further setting.

Wake Up Events Enable or turn on the interrupts that you want to awaken the system from a reduced-power mode. Disable or turn off the interrupts that you do not want to awaken the system from a reduced-power mode.

VGA When Enabled, you can set the VGA awakens the system

LPT & COM When On of LPT & COM, any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices or IRQs wakes up the system.

HDD & FDD When On of HDD & FDD, any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices wakes up the system.

PCI Master When On of PCI Master, any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices wakes up the system.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
Wake Up Events

VGA	OFF	Item Help
LPT & COM	LPT/COM	Menu Level ▶
HDD & FDD	ON	
PCI Master	OFF	
Modem Ring Resume	Disabled	
RTC Alarm Resume	Disabled	
× Date (of Month)	0	
× Resume Time (hh:mm:ss)	0 0 0	
Primary INTR	ON	
IRQS Activity Monitoring	Press Enter	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

Modem Ring Resume An input signal on the serial Ring Indicator (RI) Line (in other words, an incoming call on the modem) Awakens the system from a soft off state.

RTC Alarm Resume When Enabled, you can set the data and time at which the RTC (Real Time Clock) alarm awakens the system from suspend mode.
The choices: Disabled; Enabled.

Date (of Month) Set a certain date when RTC Alarm Resume option is Enabled to awaken the system. This option is concurrent with Resume Time option.

Resume Time (hh:mm:ss) Set a certain time when RTC Alarm Resume option is Enabled to awaken the system. This option is concurrent with Date option.

Primary INTR When set to On, any event occurring at will awaken a system which has been powered down.
On : The system can not enter the power saving mode when I/O ports or IRQ# is activated.
Off: The system can enter the power saving mode when I/O ports or IRQ# is activated.

IRQS Activity Monitor- The following is a list of IRQs (Interrupt ReQuests), which can be exempted much as the COM ports and LPT ports above can. When an I/O device wants to gain the attention of the operating system, it signals this by causing an IRQ to occur. When the operating system is ready to respond to the request, it interrupts itself and performs the service. When set On, activity will neither prevent the system from going into a power management mode nor awaken it.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
 IRQ Activity Monitoring

IRQ 3 (COM2)	Enabled	Item Help
IRQ 4 (COM1)	Enabled	Menu Level ▶
IRQ 5 (LPT2)	Enabled	
IRQ 6 (Floppy Disk)	Enabled	
IRQ 7 (LPT1)	Enabled	
IRQ 8 (RTC Alarm)	Disabled	
IRQ 9 (IRQ2 Redir)	Disabled	
IRQ 10 (Reserved)	Disabled	
IRQ 11 (Reserved)	Disabled	
IRQ 12 (PS/2 Mouse)	Enabled	
IRQ 13 (Coprocessor)	Enabled	
IRQ 14 (Hard Disk)	Enabled	
IRQ 15 (Reserved)	Disabled	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
 F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

3. Press <ESC> to return to the Main Menu when you finish setting up all items.

4-6-6 PNP / PCI CONFIGURATION

- PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION allows you to modify the system's power saving functions.

Run the PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION as follows:

1. Choose "PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION" from the Main Menu and a list of options will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
PnP/PCI Configurations

PNP OS Installed	No	Item Help Menu Level ▶
Reset Configuration Data	Disabled	
Resources Controlled By	Auto(ESCD)	
× IRQ Resources	Press Enter	
× DMA Resources	Press Enter	
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	Disabled	
Assign IRQ For VGA	Enabled	
Assign IRQ For USB	Enabled	
PCI SLOT1/5 IRQ Assigned	Auto	
PCI SLOT2 IRQ Assigned	Auto	
PCI SLOT3 IRQ Assigned	Auto	
PCI SLOT4 IRQ Assigned	Auto	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

2. Use one of the arrow keys to move between options and modify the selected options by using PgUp / PgDn / + / - keys.

<F1>: "Help" gives options available for each item.

<F5>: Get the previous values. These values are the values with which the user starts the current session.

<F6>: Load all options with the BIOS default values.

<F7>: Load all options with the Setup default values.

PNP OS Installed Select Yes if the system operating environment is Plug-and Play aware (e.g., Windows 95).

***NOTE:** BIOS will automatically disable all PnP resources except the boot device card when you select Yes on Non-PnP operating system.*

Reset Configuration Data Normally, you leave this *Disabled*. Select *Enabled* to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD), when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system cannot boot.

Resource Controlled By Choose Manual or Auto. The BIOS checks the IRQ / DMA channel number on the ISA and PCI card manually set up if you choose Manual, and the IRQ / DMA channel number will be checked automatically if you choose Auto.

IRQ Resources Press Enter. Please refer to the list below:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
IRQ Resources

IRQ-3 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	Item Help
IRQ-4 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	Menu Level ▶
IRQ-5 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	
IRQ-7 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	
IRQ-9 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	
IRQ-10 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	
IRQ-11 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	
IRQ-12 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	
IRQ-14 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	
IRQ-15 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

DMA Resources Press Enter. Please refer to the list below:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
DMA Resources

DMA-0 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	Item Help
DMA-1 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	Menu Level ▶
DMA-3 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	
DMA-5 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	
DMA-6 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	
DMA-7 assigned to	PCI/ISA PnP	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop This option allows the BIOS to preview VGA status, and to modify the information delivered from the feature Connector of the VGA card to MPEG card. This option can solve the display inversion to black after you have used MPEG card.

Assign IRQ for VGA Select *Enabled* if your system has a VGA controller and you have one or more USB devices connected. If you are not using your system's VGA controller, select *Disabled* to free the IRQ resource.

Assign IRQ for USB Select *Enabled* if your system has a USB controller and you have one or more USB devices connected. If you are not using your system's USB controller, select *Disabled* to free the IRQ resource.

PCI SLOT1/5, 2/6, 3, 4 IRQ Assigned These options allow you to assign an IRQ for each PCI SLOT and this is a useful function when you want to clear the IRQ conflict for a specific device. The options are available: Auto; 3; 4; 7; 9; 10; 11.

3. Press <ESC> to return to the Main Menu when you finish setting up all items.

4-6-7 PC HEALTH STATUS

- This section helps you to get more information about your system including CPU temperature, FAN speed and voltage. It is recommended that you contact your mainboard supplier to get proper value about your setting of the CPU temperature.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
PC Health Status

Current CPU Temp.	Item Help
Current System Temp.	Menu Level ▶
Current CPUFAN1 Speed	
Current CPUFAN2 Speed	
Vcore	
2.5V	
3.3V	
5V	
12V	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

Current CPU Temp. Shows current CPU temperature.

Current System Temp. Shows current system temperature.

Current CPUFAN1 Speed Shows current CPUFAN1 speed. The fan must provide rotary pulse. (Normally these types of fan have a three-wire connector)

Current CPUFAN2 Speed Shows current CPUFAN2 speed. The fan must provide rotary pulse. (Normally these types of fan have a three-wire connector)

Vcore Shows power supply actual voltage value.

- Press <ESC> to return to the Main Menu when you finish setting up all items.

4-6-8 FREQUENCY/VOLTAGE CONTROL

Run the "FREQUENCY/VOLTAGE CONTROL" as follows:

1. Choose "FREQUENCY/VOLTAGE CONTROL" from the Main Menu and a list of options will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2001 Award Software
Frequency Control

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk	Enabled	Item Help
Spread Spectrum	Disabled	Menu Level ▶
CPU Host Clock (CPU/PCI)	Default	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

2. Use one of the arrow keys to move between options and modify the selected options by using PgUp / PgDn / + / - keys.

<F1>: "Help" gives options available for each item.

<F5>: Get the previous values. These values are the values with which the user starts the current session.

<F6>: Load all options with the BIOS default values.

<F7>: Load all options with the Setup default values.

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI CLK This item allows you to enable/disable to detection of DIMM/PCI Clock.

The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

Spread Spectrum Modulated This item allows you to enable/disable the spread spectrum modulation.

The choices: Enabled; Disabled.

CPU Host/PCI Clock This item allows you to select CPU/PCI frequency.

The choices: 66~200Mhz.

- Press <ESC> to return to the Main Menu when you finish setting up all items.

4-6-9 LOAD OPTIMIZED DEFAULTS

- When you press <Enter> on this item, you will get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

`" Load Optimized Defaults (Y / N) ? N "`

"Y" is for "Yes", and "N" is for "No".

- Pressing "Y" loads the BIOS default values that are factor settings for optimal performance of system operations.

4-6-10 SET SUPERVISOR / USER PASSWORD

- These two options allow you to set your system passwords. Normally, the supervisor has a higher priority to change the CMOS setup option than the users. The way to set up the passwords for both Supervisor and Users are as follows:

1. Choose "Change Password" in the Main Menu and press <Enter>. Then the following message appears:

"Enter Password : "

2. The first time you run this option, enter your password up to 8 characters and press <Enter>. (The screen does not display the entered characters.)
3. After you enter the password, the following message appears prompting you to confirm the password:

"Confirm Password : "

4. Enter the same password "exactly" the same as you have just typed to confirm the password and press <Enter>.
5. Move the cursor to Save & Exit Setup to save the password.
6. If you need to delete the password entered before, choose the Supervisor Password and press <Enter>. It will delete the password that you have entered before.
7. Move the cursor to Save & Exit Setup to save the option you have just configured; otherwise the old password will still be there the next time you turn your system on.
8. Press <Enter> to exit to the Main Menu.

NOTE: *If you forget or lose the password, the only way to access the system is to clear the CMOS RAM. All setup informations will be lost and you need to run the BIOS setup program again.*

4-6-11 SAVE & EXIT SETUP

- SAVE & EXIT SETUP allows you to save all modifications you have specified into the CMOS memory. Highlight this option on the Main Menu and the following message appears:

`"SAVE to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N) ? Y "`

"Y" is for "Yes", and "N" is for "No".

- Press <Enter> key to save the configuration changes.
-

4-6-12 EXIT WITHOUT SAVING

- EXIT WITHOUT SAVING option allows you to exit the Setup Utility without saving the modifications that you have specified. Highlight this option on the Main Menu and the following message appears:

`"Quit Without Saving (Y/N) ? N "`

"Y" is for "Yes", and "N" is for "No".

- You may change the prompt to "Y" and press <Enter> key to leave this option.
-